EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		C	onstruction Dust Imp	pact			
S4.3.10	D1	The contractor shall follow the procedures and requirements	Minimize dust	Contractor	All	Construction stage	• APCO
		given in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	impact at the		construction		• To control the
			nearby sensitive		sites		dust impact To
			receivers				meet HKAQO and
							TM-EIA criteria
\$4.3.10	D2	Mitigation measures in form of regular watering under a good	Minimize dust	Contractor	All	Construction stage	• APCO
		site practice should be adopted. Watering once per hour on	impact at the		construction		• To control the
		exposed worksites and haul road should be conducted to	nearby sensitive		sites		dust impact To
		achieve dust removal efficiencies of 91.7%. While the above	receivers				meet HKAQO and
		watering frequencies are to be followed, the extent of					TM-EIA criteria
		watering may vary depending on actual site conditions but					
		should be sufficient to maintain an equivalent intensity of no					
		less than 1.3 L/m ² to achieve the dust removal efficiency.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Recom Measure Conce	res of the mended es & Main erns to	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
S4.3.10	D3	• Proper watering at exposed spoil should be undertaken	Minimize	dust	Contractor	All	Construction stage	• APCO
		throughout the construction phase;	impact	at the		construction		• To control the
		•Any excavated or stockpile of dusty material should be covered	nearby	sensitive		sites		dust impact To
		entirely by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water to	receivers					meet HKAQO and
		maintain the entire surface wet and then removed or						TM-EIA criteria
		backfilled or reinstated where practicable within 24 hours of						
		the excavation or unloading;						
		•Any dusty materials remaining after a stockpile is removed						
		should be wetted with water and cleared from the surface of						
		roads;						
		•A stockpile of dusty material should not be extended beyond the						
		pedestrian barriers, fencing or traffic cones;						
		•The load of dusty materials on a vehicle leaving a construction						
		site should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting to						
		ensure that the dusty materials do not leak from the vehicle.						
		•Where practicable, vehicle washing facilities with high pressure						
		water jet should be provided at every discernible or						

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		designated vehicle exit point. The area where vehicle					
		washing takes place and the road section between the					
		washing facilities and the exit point should be paved with					
		concrete, bituminous materials or hardcores;					
		•When there are open excavation and reinstatement works,					
		hoarding of not less than 2.4m high should be provided and					
		properly maintained as far as practicable along the site					
		boundary with provision for public crossing. Good site					
		practice shall also be adopted by the Contractor to ensure					
		the conditions of the hoardings are properly maintained					
		throughout the construction period;					
		•The portion of any road leading only to construction site that is					
		within 30m of a vehicle entrance or exit should be kept clear					
		of dusty materials;					
		•Surfaces where any pneumatic or power-driven drilling, cutting,					
		polishing or other mechanical breaking operation takes place					
		should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 continuously; Any area that involves demolition activities should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical immediately prior to, during and immediately after the activities so as to maintain the entire surface wet; Any skip hoist for material transport should be totally enclosed by impervious sheeting; Every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry-pulverised fuel ash (PFA) should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides; Loading, unloading, transfer, handling or storage of bulk cement or dry PFA should be carried out in a totally enclosed system or facility, and any vent or exhaust should be fitted with an effective fabric filter or equivalent air pollution control system 					
		• Exposed earth should be properly treated by compaction,					

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		turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, shotcrete or other suitable surface stabilizer within six months after the last construction activity on the construction site or part of the construction site where the exposed earth lies.					
\$4.3.10	D6	Implement regular dust monitoring under EM&A programme during the construction stage.	Monitoring of dust impact	Contractor	Selected rep. dust monitoring station	Construction stage	• TM-EIA
\$5.4.1	N1	 Implement the following good site practices: Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction programme; Machines and plant (such as trucks, cranes) that may be in 	Construction Noise (A Control construction airborne noise	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		intermittent use should be shut down between work periods					
		or should be throttled down to a minimum;					
		Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction, where					
		possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from					
		nearby NSRs;					
		Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be					
		properly fitted and maintained during the construction works;					
		Mobile plant should be sited as far away from NSRs as					
		possible and practicable;					
		Material stockpiles, mobile container site office and other					
		structures should be effectively utilized, where practicable, to					
		screen noise from on-site construction activities.					
S5.4.1	N2	Install temporary hoarding located on the site boundaries	Reduce the	Contractor	All	Construction stage	• Annex 5,
		between noisy construction activities and NSRs. The conditions	construction noise		construction		TM-EIAO
		of hoardings shall be properly maintained throughout the	levels at low-level		sites		
		construction period.	zone of NSRs				
			through partial				

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
			screening				
\$5.4.1	N3	Install movable noise barriers (typical design is wooden framed barrier with a small-cantilevered on a skid footing with 25mm thick internal sound absorptive lining), acoustic mat or full enclosure, screen the noisy plants including air compressors, generators and handheld breakers, etc.	Sreen the noisy plant items to be used at all construction sites	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO
S5.4.1	N4	Use 'Quiet plant'	Reduce the noise levels of plant items	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO
S5.4.1	N5	Loading/ unloading activities should be carried out inside the full enclosure of mucking out points.	Reduce the noise levels of loading/ unloading activities	Contractor	Mucking out locations	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO
\$5.4.1	N6	Sequencing operation of construction plants where practicable.	Operate sequentially within the same work site	Contractor	All construction sites where	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
			to reduce the construction airborne noise		practicable		
\$5.4.1	N7	Implement a noise monitoring programme under EM&A programme.	Monitor the construction noise levels at the selected representative location	Contractor	Selected rep. noise monitoring station	Construction stage	• TM-EIAO
		Water	Quality (Construction	n Phase)			
\$6.9.1.1	W1	In accordance with the Practice Note for Professional Persons on Construction Site Drainage, Environmental Protection Department, 1994 (ProPECC PN1/94), construction phase mitigation measures shall include the following: Construction Runoff At the start of site establishment, perimeter cut-off drains to	To minimize water quality impact from the construction site runoff and general construction activities	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	Water Pollution Control Ordinance ProPECC PN 1/94 TM-EIAO TM-DSS

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		direct off-site water around the site should be constructed					
		with internal drainage works and erosion and sedimentation					
		control facilities implemented. Channels (both temporary					
		and permanent drainage pipes and culverts), earth bunds or					
		sand bag barriers should be provided on site to direct					
		stormwater to silt removal facilities. The design of the					
		temporary on-site drainage system will be undertaken by the					
		contractor prior to the commencement of construction;					
		• The dikes or embankments for flood protection should be					
		implemented around the boundaries of earthwork areas.					
		Temporary ditches should be provided to facilitate the runoff					
		discharge into an appropriate watercourse, through a silt/					
		sediment trap. The sediment/ silt traps should be					
		incorporated in the permanent drainage channels to enhance					
		deposition rates;					
		• The design of efficient silt removal facilities should be based					
		on the guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC PN 1/94, which					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		states that the retention time for silt/ sand traps should be 5					
		minutes under maximum flow conditions. Sizes may vary					
		depending upon the flow rate, but for a flow rate of 0.1 m ³ /s a					
		sedimentation basin of 30 m^3 would be required and for a					
		flow rate of 0.5 $$ m $^3/s$ the basin would be 150 $$ m 3 . The					
		detailed design of the sand/ silt traps shall be undertaken by					
		the contractor prior to the commencement of construction;					
		All exposed earth areas should be completed and vegetated as					
		soon as possible after earthworks have been completed, or					
		alternatively, within 14 days of the cessation of earthworks					
		where practicable. Exposed slope surfaces should be					
		covered by tarpaulin or other means;					
		• The overall slope of the site should be kept to a minimum to					
		reduce the erosive potential of surface water flows, and all					
		traffic areas and access roads protected by coarse stone					
		ballast. An additional advantage accruing from the use of					
		crushed stone is the positive traction gained during prolonged					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		periods of inclement weather and the reduction of surface					
		sheet flows;					
		• All drainage facilities and erosion and sediment control					
		structures should be regularly inspected and maintained to					
		ensure proper and efficient operation at all times and					
		particularly following rainstorms. Deposited silt and grit					
		should be removed regularly and disposed of by spreading					
		evenly over stable, vegetated areas;					
		Measures should be taken to minimize the ingress of site					
		drainage into excavations. If the excavation of trenches in					
		wet periods is necessary, they should be dug and backfilled in					
		short sections wherever practicable. Water pumped out					
		from trenches or foundation excavations should be discharged					
		into storm drains via silt removal facilities;					
		• Open stockpiles of construction materials (for example,					
		aggregates, sand and fill material) of more than 50m^3 should					
		be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		Measures should be taken to prevent the washing away of					
		construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage					
		system;					
		• Manholes should always be adequately covered and					
		temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials					
		or debris being washed into the drainage system and storm					
		runoff being directed into foul sewers;					
		Precautions be taken at any time of year when rainstorms are					
		likely, actions to be taken when a rainstorm is imminent or					
		forecasted, and actions to be taken during or after rainstorms					
		are summarized in Appendix A2 of ProPECC PN 1/94.					
		Particular attention should be paid to the control of silty					
		surface runoff during storm events, especially for areas					
		located near steep slopes;					
		All vehicles and plant should be cleaned before leaving a					
		construction site to ensure no earth, mud, debris and the like					
		is deposited by them on roads. An adequately designed and					

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		site wheel washing facilities should be provided at every					
		construction site exit where practicable. Wash-water should					
		have sand and silt settled out and removed at least on a					
		weekly basis to ensure the continued efficiency of the process.					
		The section of access road leading to, and exiting from, the					
		wheel wash bay to the public road should be paved with					
		sufficient backfall toward the wheel wash bay to prevent					
		vehicle tracking of soil and silty water to public roads and					
		drains;					
		Oil interceptors should be provided in the drainage system					
		downstream of any oil/ fuel pollution sources. The oil					
		interceptors should be emptied and cleaned regularly to					
		prevent the release of oil and grease into the storm water					
		drainage system after accidental spillage. A bypass should					
		be provided for the oil interceptors to prevent flushing during					
		heavy rain;					
		Construction solid waste, debris and rubbish on site should be					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid water quality impacts; All fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank to prevent spilled fuel oils from reaching water sensitive receivers nearby; Adopt best management practices; All earth works should be conducted sequentially to limit the amount of construction runoff generated from exposed areas during the wet season (April to September) as far as practicable. 					
S6.9.1.2	W2	 Underground Works Uncontaminated discharge should pass through sedimentation tanks prior to of-site discharge; The wastewater with a high concentration of SS should be 	To minimize construction water quality impact from the works	Contractor	All access shaft location	Construction stage	Water Pollution Control Ordinance ProPECC PN 1/94 TM-DSS

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		treated (e.g. by sedimentation tanks with sufficient retention time) before discharge. Oil interceptors would also be					• TM-EIAO
		required to remove the oil, lubricants and grease from the					
		wastewater;					
		Direct discharge of the bentonite slurry (as a result of D-wall)					
		is not allowed. It should be reconditioned and reused					
		wherever practicable. Temporary storage locations (typically					
		a properly closed warehouse) should be provided on site for					
		any unused bentonite that needs to be transported away after					
		all the related construction activities area completed. The					
		requirements in ProPECC PN 1/94 should be adhered to in the					
		handling and disposal of bentonite slurries.					
S6.9.1.3	W3	Sewage Effluent	To minimize water	Contractor	All	Construction stage	Water Pollution
			quality from sewage		construction		Control
		Portable chemical toilets and sewage holding tanks are	effluent		sites where		Ordinance
		recommended for handling the construction sewage			practicable		• TM-DSS
		generated by the workforce. A licensed contractor should be					

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		employed to provide appropriate and adequate portable					
		toilets and be responsible for appropriate disposal and					
		maintenance.					
\$6.9.1.6	W6	<u>Accidental Spillage</u>	To minimize water	Contractor	All	Construction stage	Water Pollution
			quality impact from		construction		Control
		In order to prevent accidental spillage of chemicals, the following	accidental spillage		site where		Ordinance
		is recommended:			practicable		ProPECC PN 1/94
		All the tanks, containers, storage area should be					• TM-EIAO
		bunded and the locations should be locked as far as					• TM-DSS
		possible from the sensitive watercourse and					
		stormwater drains;					
		The Contractor should register as a chemical waste					
		producer if chemical wastes would be generated.					
		Storage of chemical waste arising from the					
		construction activities should be stored with suitable					
		labels and warnings.					
		Disposal of chemical wastes should be conducted in compliance					

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		with the requirements as stated in the Waste Disposal (Chemical					
		Waste) (General) Regulation.					
		Waste Ma	anagement (Construc	tion Waste)	l		
S7.4.1	WM1	On-site sorting of C&D material	Separation of unsuitable rock	Contractor	All construction	Construction stage	• DEVB (W) No. 6/2010
		• Geological assessment should be carried out by competent persons on site during excavation to identify materials which are not suitable to use as aggregate in structural concrete (e.g. volcanic rock, Aplite dyke rock, etc.). Volcanic rock and Aplite dyke rock should be separated at the source sites as far as practicable and stored at designated stockpile area preventing them from delivering to crushing facilities. The crushing plant operator should also be reminded to set up measures to prevent unsuitable rock from ending up at concrete batching plants and be turned into concrete for structural use. Details regarding control measures at source	from ending up at concrete batching plants and be turned into concrete for structural use		sites		

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		site and crushing facilities should be submitted by the Contractor for the Engineer to review and agree. In addition, site records should also be kept for the types of rock materials excavated and the traceability of delivery will be ensured with the implementation of Trip Ticket System and enforced by site supervisory staff as stipulated under DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010 for tracking of the correct delivery to the rock crushing facilities for processing into aggregates. Alternative disposal option for the reuse of volcanic rock and Aplite Dyke rock, etc. should be explored.					
\$7.5.1	WM2	 Construction and Demolition Material Maintain temporary stockpiles and reuse excavated fill material for backfilling and reinstatement; Carry out on-site sorting; Make provisions in the Contract documents to allow and promote the use of recycled aggregates where appropriate; Adopt 'selective demolition' technique to demolish the 	Good site practice to minimize the waste generation and recycle the C&D materials as far as practicable so as to reduce the amount	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No.

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		existing structures and facilities with a view to recovering broken concrete effectively for recycling purpose, where possible; • Implement a trip-ticket system for each works contract to ensure that the disposal of C&D materials are properly documented and verified; and • Implement an enhanced Waste Management Plan similar to ETWBTC (Works) No. 19/2005 – "Environmental Management on Construction Sites" to encourage on-site sorting of C&D materials and to minimize their generation during the course of construction.	for final disposal				19/2005
\$7.5.1	WM3	Standard formwork or pre-fabrication should be used as far as practicable in order to minimize the arising of C&D materials. The use of more durable formwork or plastic facing for the construction works should be considered. Use of wooden hoardings should not be used, as in other projects. Metal	Good site practice to minimize the waste generation and recycle the C&D materials as far as practicable so as to	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	 Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance Waste Disposal Ordinance

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		hoarding should be used to enhance the possibility of	reduce the amount				• ETWB TCW No.
		recycling. The purchasing of construction materials will be	for final disposal				19/2005
		carefully planned in order to avoid over ordering and wastage;					
		The Contractor should recycle as much of the C&D materials					
		as possible on-site. Public fill and C&D waste should be					
		segregated and stored in different containers or skips to					
		enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper					
		disposal. Where practicable, concrete and masonry can be					
		crushed and used as fill. Steel reinforcement bar can be					
		used by scrap steel mills. Different areas of the sites should					
		be considered for such segregation and storage.					
S7.5.1	WM6	Chemical Waste	Control the	Contractor	All	Construction stage	• Waste Disposal
		Chemical waste that is produced, as defined by Schedule 1 of	chemical waste and		construction		(Chemical Waste)
		the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation,	ensure proper		sites		(General)
		should be handled in accordance with the Code of Practice on	storage, handling				Regulation
		the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes;	and disposal				Code of Practice
		Containers used for the storage of chemical wastes should be					on the Packaging,

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		suitable for the substance they are holding, resistant to					Labelling and
		corrosion, maintained in a good condition, and securely					Storage of
		closed, have a capacity of less than 450 L unless the					Chemical Waste
		specification has been approved by EPD, and display a label in					
		English and Chinese in accordance with instructions					
		prescribed in Schedule 2 of the regulation;					
		The storage area for chemical wastes should be clearly					
		labelled and used solely for the storage of chemical waste,					
		enclosed on at least 3 sides, have an impermeable floor and					
		bunding of sufficient capacity to accommodate 110% of the					
		volume of the largest container or 20% of the total volume of					
		waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest, have					
		adequate ventilation, covered to prevent rainfall entering, and					
		arranged so that incompatible materials are adequately					
		separated;					
		Disposal of chemical waste should be via a licensed waste					
		collector, be to a facility licensed to receive chemical waste,					

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		such as the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre which also					
		offers a chemical waste collection service and can supply the					
		necessary storage containers, or be to a reuser of the waste,					
		under approval from EPD.					
S7.5.1	WM7	General Refuse	Minimize	Contractor	All	Construction stage	Waste Disposal
		General refuse generated on-site should be stored in enclosed	production of the		construction		Ordinance
		bins or compaction units separately from construction and	general refuse and		sites		
		chemical wastes;	avoid odour, pest				
		• A reputable waste collector should be employed by the	and litter impacts				
		Contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately					
		from construction and chemical wastes, on a daily basis to					
		minimize odour, pest and litter impacts. Burning of refuse					
		on construction sites is prohibited by law.					
		Aluminum cans are often recovered from the waste stream by					
		individual collectors if they are segregated and made easily					
		accessible. Separate labelled bins for their deposit should be					
		provided if feasible;					

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		Office wastes can be reduced through the recycling of paper if volumes are large enough to warrant collection.					
		Participation in a local collection scheme should be considered					
		by the Contractor.					
			Hazard to Life	1			
S9.18	H1	Blasting activities regarding transport and use of explosives should	To ensure that the	Contractor	Works areas	Construction stage	Dangerous Goods
		be supervised and audited by competent site staff to ensure full	risks from the		at which		Ordinance
		compliance with the blasting permit conditions.	proposed explosives		explosives		
			handling and		would be		
			transport would be		used		
			acceptable				
S9.6,	H2	Detonators shall not be transported in the same vehicle with	To reduce the risk of	Contractor	-	Construction stage	Dangerous Goods
para.4		other Category 1 Dangerous Goods.	explosion during				Ordinance
			the transport of				
			cartridged emulsion				
S9.6,	Н3	The explosives delivery trucks should be approved by Mines	To comply with the	Contractor	-	Construction stage	Dangerous Goods
para.8		Division and should meet the regulatory requirements for	requirements for				Ordinance

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		transport of explosives.	approval of an explosives delivery vehicle				
S9.10, para.7 and S9.18		Blast cover should be provided for shaft at HMT, and kept closed during blasting. Provision of blast doors or heavy duty blast curtains should be implemented at the shaft to prevent flyrock and control the air overpressure.	To ensure safe use of explosives	Contractor	Shaft	Construction stage	-
\$9.16		Only the required quantity of explosives for a particular blast should be transported to avoid the return.	To reduce risks during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
S9.18		The approved truck dedicated for transport of explosives should comply with the "Guidance Note on Requirements for Approval of an Explosives Delivery Vehicle" issued by CEDD Mines Division.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas of which explosives	Construction stage	Dangerous Goods Ordinance

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		The truck should be periodically inspected and properly			would be		
		maintained in good operation conditions. The fuel carried in the			used		
		fuel tank should be minimized to reduce the duration of fire.					
		Adequate fire fighting equipment shall be provided, inspected and					
		replaced periodically (e.g. fire extinguishers).					
S9.18	Н8	The driver and his assistant should be physically healthy,	To reduce the risk	Contractor	Works areas	Construction stage	-
		experienced and have good safe driving records. The driver	during explosives		at which		
		should hold a proper driving licence for the approved transport	transport		explosives		
		truck. Dedicated training programme and regular road safety			would be		
		briefing sessions/ workshops should be provided to enhance their			used		
		safe driving attitude and practice. Smoking should be strictly					
		prohibited.					
S9.18	Н9	Emergency response plans in case of road accident should be	To reduce the risk	Contractor	Works areas	Construction stage	-
		prepared and implemented. The driver and his assistant should	during explosives		at which		
		be familiar with the emergency procedures including evacuation,	transport		explosives		
		and proper communication/ fire-fighting equipment should be			would be		
		provided to the driver and his assistant.			used		

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
S9.18		Close liaison and communication among Mines Division, Contractors for transport of explosives, and working staff of the blasting should be established. In case of any change of work	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives	Construction stage	-
		schedule leading to cancellation or variation of explosives required, relevant parties should be informed in time to avoid unused explosives at the work sites.			would be used		
\$9.18		Close liaison and communication with Fire Services Department should be established to reduce the accidental detonation escalated from a fire. The contractors for transport of explosives should use the preferred transport routes as far as practicable.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
\$9.18		Contingency plan should be prepared for transport of explosives under severe weather conditions such as rainstorms and thunderstorms.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-

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S9.18		For explosive transport, all packages of explosives on the truck	To reduce the risk	Contractor	Works areas	Construction stage	-
		should be properly stored in the truck compartment as required.	during explosives		at which		
		Packaging of the explosives should remain intact (i.e. damage	transport		explosives		
		free) until they are transferred to the blasting site.			would be		
					used		
S9.18	H14	Availability of a parking space should be ensured before	To reduce the risk	Contractor	Works areas	Construction stage	-
		commencement of transport of explosives. Location for loading	during explosives		at which		
		and unloading of explosives should be as close as possible to the	transport		explosives		
		shaft. No hot work should be performed in the vicinity during			would be		
		the time of loading and unloading.			used		
S9.18	H22	It is recommended to explore to minimize the use of the	To reduce the risk	Contractor	Works areas	Construction stage	-
		cartridged emulsion explosives and maximize the use of bulk	during explosives		at which		
		emulsion explosive as far as practicable.	transport		explosives		
					would be		
					used		
S9.18	H24	It is recommended to explore to use smaller explosive charges	To reduce the risk	Contractor	Works areas	Construction stage	-
		such as 'cast boosters' or 'mini-cast booster' instead of cartridged	during explosives		at which		

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		emulsion as primers for bulk emulsion. This option reduces the	transport		explosives			
		quantity of explosives required for transportation for the sections			would be			
		where bulk emulsion will be used.			used			
	Landscape & Visual							
S10.10.1	LV1	Good Site Management	Minimize visua	I Contractor	Within	Construction stage	-	
Table			impact		Project site			
10.11		• Large temporary stockpiles of excavated material shall be						
		covered with unobtrusive sheeting to prevent dust and dirt						
		spreading to adjacent landscape areas and vegetation, and to						
		create a neat and tidy visual appearance.						
		Construction plant and building material shall be orderly and						
		carefully stored in order to create a neat and tidy visual						
		appearance.						
S10.10.1	LV4	Screen Hoarding	Minimize visua	I Contractor	Within	Construction stage	-	
Table		Decorative screen hoarding should be erected to screen the	impact		Project site			
10.11		public from the construction area. It should be designed to						
		be compatible with the existing urban context.						

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S10.10.1	LV5	Lighting Control during Construction	Minimize visual	Contractor	Within	Construction stage	-
Table		All lighting in the construction site shall be carefully controlled	impact		Project site		
10.11		to minimize light pollution and night-time glare to nearby					
		residencies and GIC. The Contractor shall consider other					
		security measures, which shall minimize the visual impacts.					
S10.10.1	LV6	Erosion Control	Minimize landscape	Contractor	Within	Construction stage	-
Table		The potential for soil erosion shall be reduced by minimizing	impact		Project site		
10.11		the extent of vegetation disturbance on site and by providing					
		a protective cover over newly exposed soil.					
S10.10.1	LV7	Tree Protection & Preservation	Minimize landscape	Contractor	Within	Construction stage	• 'Guidelines for
Table		Carefully protected during construction. Tree protection	and visual impact		Project site		Tree Risk
10.11		measures will be detailed at the Tree Removal Application					Management and
		stage and plans submitted to the relevant Government					Assessment
		Department for approval in due course in accordance with					Arrangement on
		ETWB TC no. 3/2006.					an Area Basis and
							on a Tree Basis',
							Greening,

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
							Landscape and Tree Management (GLTM) Section, DEVB Latest recommended horticultural practices from GLTM Section, DEVB
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV8	 Tree Transplantation For trees unavoidably affected by the Project that have to be removed, where practical transplantation will be chosen as the top priority method of removal. If this is not possible or practical compensatory planting will be provided for trees unavoidably felled (See LV10). For trees unavoidably 	Minimize landscape and visual impact	Contractor	Within Project site and designated off-site locations	Prior to Construction stage	ETWB TCW 3/2006 Latest recommended horticultural practices from

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		affected by the Project works that are transplanted,					Greening,
		transplantation must be carried out in accordance with ETWB					Landscape and
		TCW 2/2004 and 3/2006.					Tree
							Management
							(GLTM) Section,
							DEVB
							• ETWB TCW
							2/2004
S10.10.1	LV9	Compensatory Planting	Minimize visual	Contractor	Within	Construction stage	• ETWB TCW
Table		• For trees unavoidably affected by the Project that have to be	impact and also		Project site		3/2006
10.11		removed, where practical transportation will be chosen as the	enhance landscape				• Latest
		top priority method of removal but if this is not possible or					recommended
		practical compensatory planting will be provided for trees					horticultural
		unavoidably felled. All felled trees shall be compensated for					practices from
		by planting trees to the satisfaction of relevant Government					Greening,
		projects. Required numbers and locations of compensatory					Landscape and
		trees shall be determined and agreed separately with					Tree

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		Government during the Tree Felling Application process under					Management
		ETWBTC 3/2006.					(GLTM) Section,
		Compensatory tree planting may be incorporated into public					DEVB
		open spaces and along roadside amenity areas affected by					• ETWB TCW
		the construction works and therefore be part of the bigger					2/2004
		wider planting plans. Onsite compensation planting is					
		preferred but if necessary, additional receptor sites outside					
		the Works Area shall be agreed separately with Government					
		during the Tree Felling Application process.					
		Cultural	Heritage Impact (Con	struction Phase)			
S11.4.4	CH1	The contractor should be alerted during the construction on the	To preserve any	Contractor	During	Construction stage	• AMOs
		possibility of locating archaeological remains and as a	cultural heritage		construction		requirements
		precautionary measure, AMO shall be informed immediately in	items which may be		works		
		case of discovery of antiquities or supposed antiquities in the	removed and				
		subject sites.	damaged by the				
			excavation				
			EM&A Project	t			

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S13.2	EM1	An Independent Environmental Checker needs to be employed	Control EM&A	Highways	All	Construction stage	• EIAO Guidance
		as per the EM&A Manual	Performance	Department	construction		Note No. 4/2010
					sites		• TM-EIAO
S13.2-1	EM2	• An Environmental Team needs to be employed as per the	Perform	Highways	All	Construction stage	• EIAO Guidance
3.4		EM&A Manual;	environmental	Department/	construction		Note No. 4/2010
		• Prepare a systematic Environmental Management Plan to	monitoring &	Contractor	sites		• TM-EIAO
		ensure effective implementation of the mitigation measures;	auditing				
		• An environmental impact monitoring needs to be					
		implemented by the Environmental Team to ensure all the					
		requirements given in the EM&A Manual are fully complied					
		with.					